

**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT  
PRIMARY SECTION**

<b>SUBJECT: SCIENCE</b>	<b>TERM II</b>	<b>NAME:</b>
<b>WORKSHEET NO. 2</b>		<b>CLASS: IV      SEC:</b>
<b>TOPIC: OUR CLOTHES</b>		<b>ROLL NO:</b>
<b>TEACHER'S SIGNATURE &amp; DATE:</b>		<b>DATE:</b>

**I. Give one word for each of the following.**

- a. Fibres that are obtained from plants and animals. \_\_\_\_\_
- b. An example of synthetic fibre. \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Animal skin used to make clothes. \_\_\_\_\_
- d. The process of crossing long threads over and under one another to make cloth.  
\_\_\_\_\_

**II. Answer the following questions.**

- a. How can we take care of silk and woollen clothes?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- b. Raincoats are made of waterproof material. Why?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



- c. Why do we wear uniform to school?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



### III. Give Reason.

- a. Handkerchief is usually made of cotton.

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- b. Sonia wears sweater, muffler, gloves and a cap when she goes for a morning walk in winter season.

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### IV. Justify the statement.

- a. We feel cool when we wear light coloured clothes.

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- b. Factory workers wear overalls when they go for work.

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### DID YOU KNOW ?

Linen fabric is made from the cellulose fibres that grow inside of the stalks of the flax plant which grows all over the Mediterranean region and Central Asia .Flax is a tall, reed-like plant with long fibres which make it easy to spin into thread.